

wherein R^1 is selected from the group consisting of C_3 - C_{10} alkyl, C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl, up to per-halosubstituted C_1 - C_{10} alkyl and up to per-halosubstituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl;

B is a substituted or unsubstituted, up to tricyclic, aryl or heteroaryl moiety of up to 30 carbon atoms with at least one 5- or 6-member aromatic structure containing 0-4 members of the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulfur, wherein if B is a substituted group, it is substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, up to per-halosubstitution, and X_n ,

wherein n is 0-3 and each X is independently selected from the group consisting of - CN , CO_2R^5 , $-C(O)NR^5R^{5'}$, $-C(O)R^5$, $-NO_2$, $-OR^5$, $-SR^5$, $-NR^5R^{5'}$, $-NR^5C(O)OR^{5'}$, $-NR^5C(O)R^5$, C_1 - C_{10} alkyl, C_{2-10} -alkenyl, C_{1-10} -alkoxy, C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl, C_6 - C_{14} aryl, C_7 - C_{24} alkaryl, C_3 - C_{13} heteroaryl, C_4 - C_{23} alkheteroaryl, substituted C_1 - C_{10} alkyl, substituted C_{2-10} -alkenyl, substituted C_{1-10} -alkoxy, substituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl, substituted C_4 - C_{23} alkheteroaryl and - $Y-Ar$;

where X is a substituted group, it is substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from the group consisting of - CN , $-CO_2R^5$, $-C(O)R^5$, $-C(O)NR^5R^{5'}$, $-OR^5$, $-SR^5$, $-NR^5R^{5'}$, $-NO_2$, $-NR^5C(O)R^{5'}$, $-NR^5C(O)OR^{5'}$ and halogen up to per-halosubstitution;

wherein R^5 and $R^{5'}$ are independently selected from H , C_1 - C_{10} alkyl, C_{2-10} -alkenyl, C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl, C_6 - C_{14} aryl, C_3 - C_{13} heteroaryl, C_7 - C_{24} alkaryl, C_4 - C_{23} alkheteroaryl, up to per-halosubstituted C_1 - C_{10} alkyl, up to per-halosubstituted C_{2-10} -alkenyl, up to per-halosubstituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl, up to per-halosubstituted C_6 - C_{14} aryl and up to per-halosubstituted C_3 - C_{13} heteroaryl,

wherein Y is - O -, - S -, - $N(R^5)$ -, $-(CH_2)_m$ -, $-C(O)$ -, $-CH(OH)$ -, $-(CH_2)_mO$ -, $-NR^5C(O)NR^5R^{5'}$ -, $-NR^5C(O)$ -, $-C(O)NR^5$ -, $-(CH_2)_mS$ -, $-(CH_2)_mN(R^5)$ -, $-O(CH_2)_m$ -, $-CHX^a$ -, $-CX^a_2$ -, $-S-(CH_2)_m$ - and $-N(R^5)(CH_2)_m$ -,

$m = 1$ - 3 , and X^a is halogen; and

Ar is a 5-10 member aromatic structure containing 0-2 members of the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulfur which is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen up to per-halosubstitution and optionally substituted by Z_{n1} , wherein $n1$ is 0 to 3 and each Z is independently selected from the group consisting of -CN, -CO₂R⁵, -C(O)NR⁵R^{5'}, -C(O)NR⁵, -NO₂, -OR⁵, -SR⁵, -NR⁵R^{5'}, -NR⁵C(O)OR^{5'}, -OC(O)R⁵, -NR⁵C(O)R^{5'}, C₁-C₁₀ alkyl, C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl, C₆-C₁₄ aryl, C₃-C₁₃ heteroaryl, C₇-C₂₄ alkaryl, C₄-C₂₃ alkheteroaryl, substituted C₁-C₁₀ alkyl, substituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl, substituted C₇-C₂₄ alkaryl and substituted C₄-C₂₃ alkheteroaryl;

wherein if Z is a substituted group, it is substituted by the one or more substituents independently selected from the group consisting of -CN, -CO₂R⁵, -C(O)NR⁵R^{5'}, -OR⁵, -SR⁵, -NO₂, -NR⁵R^{5'}, -NR⁵C(O)R^{5'} and -NR⁵C(O)OR^{5'}, and

wherein R² is C₆-C₁₄ aryl, C₃-C₁₄ heteroaryl, substituted C₆-C₁₄ aryl or substituted C₃-C₁₄ heteroaryl,

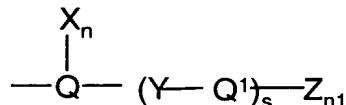
wherein if R² is a substituted group, it is substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, up to per-halosubstitution, and V_n,

wherein n = 0-3 and each V is independently selected from the group consisting of -CN, -CO₂R⁵, -C(O)NR⁵R^{5'}, -OR⁵, -SR⁵, -NR⁵R^{5'}, -C(O)R⁵, -OC(O)NR⁵R^{5'}, -NR⁵C(O)OR^{5'}, -SO₂R⁵, -SOR⁵, -NR⁵C(O)R^{5'}, -NO₂, C₁-C₁₀ alkyl, C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl, C₆-C₁₄ aryl, C₃-C₁₃ heteroaryl, C₇-C₂₄ alkaryl, C₄-C₂₄ alkheteroaryl, substituted C₁-C₁₀ alkyl, substituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl, substituted C₆-C₁₄ aryl, substituted C₃-C₁₃ heteroaryl, substituted C₇-C₂₄ alkaryl and substituted C₄-C₂₄ alkheteroaryl,

where V is a substituted group, it is substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, up to per-halosubstitution, -CN, -CO₂R⁵, -C(O)R⁵, -C(O)NR⁵R^{5'}, -NR⁵R^{5'}, -OR⁵, -SR⁵, -NR⁵C(O)R^{5'}, -NR⁵C(O)OR^{5'} and -NO₂,

wherein R⁵ and R^{5'} are each independently as defined above.

4. A method of claim 1, wherein B is



wherein

a2
Y is selected from the group consisting of -O-, -S-, -CH₂-, -SCH₂-, -CH₂S-, -CH(OH)-, -C(O)-, -CX^a₂, -CX^aH-, -CH₂O- and -OCH₂-,

X^a is halogen,

Q is a six member aromatic structure containing 0-2 nitrogen, substituted or unsubstituted by halogen, up to per-halosubstitution;

Q¹ is a mono- or bicyclic aromatic structure of 3 to 10 carbon atoms and 0-4 members of the group consisting of N, O and S, substituted or unsubstituted by halogen up to per-halosubstitution,

s = 0 or 1, and

X, Z, n and n₁ are as defined in claim 1

a3
12. A method according to claim 1, wherein R¹ is t-butyl.

a3
13. A method according to claim 12, comprising administering an amount of a compound of formula I effective to inhibit p38.

Please consider new claims 17-30.

--17. A method for the treatment of a disease other than cancer mediated by p38 which comprises administering a compound of formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof



wherein B is phenyl, pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl, naphthyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, phthalimidinyl, furyl, thienyl, pyrrolyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, benzofuryl, benzothienyl, indolyl, benzopyrazolyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, benzothiazolyl or benzisothiazolyl substituted by -Y-Ar; and is optionally substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, up to per-halosubstitution, and X_n,

wherein n is 0-3 and each X is independently selected from the group consisting of -CN, -CO₂R⁵, -C(O)NR⁵R⁵, -C(O)R⁵, -NO₂, -OR⁵, -SR⁵, -NR⁵R⁵, -NR⁵C(O)OR⁵, -

$\text{NR}^5\text{C(O)R}^5'$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10}$ alkyl, $\text{C}_2\text{-C}_{10}$ alkenyl, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10}$ alkoxy, $\text{C}_3\text{-C}_{10}$ cycloalkyl, phenyl, pyridinyl, naphthyl, isoquinolinyl, quinolinyl up to per halo-substituted $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10}$ alkyl, up to per halo-substituted $\text{C}_2\text{-C}_{10}$ alkenyl, up to per halo-substituted $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10}$ alkoxy, up to per halo-substituted $\text{C}_3\text{-C}_{10}$ cycloalkyl, and

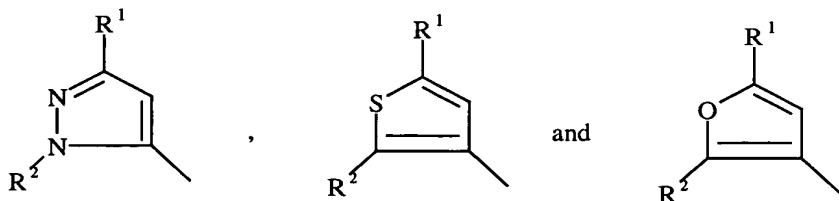
wherein R^5 and R^5' are independently selected from H , $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10}$ alkyl, $\text{C}_2\text{-C}_{10}$ alkenyl, $\text{C}_3\text{-C}_{10}$ cycloalkyl, up to per-halo-substituted $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10}$ alkyl, up to per-halo-substituted $\text{C}_2\text{-C}_{10}$ alkenyl and up to per-halo-substituted $\text{C}_3\text{-C}_{10}$ cycloalkyl,

wherein Y is $-\text{O}-$, $-\text{S}-$, $-\text{N}(\text{R}^5)-$, $-(\text{CH}_2)_m-$, $-\text{C(O)}-$, $-\text{CH(OH)}-$, $-(\text{CH}_2)_m\text{O}-$, $-\text{NR}^5\text{C(O)NR}^5'$, $-\text{NR}^5\text{C(O)}-$, $-\text{C(O)NR}^5-$, $-(\text{CH}_2)_m\text{S}-$, $-(\text{CH}_2)_m\text{N}(\text{R}^5)-$, $-\text{O}(\text{CH}_2)_m-$, $-\text{CHX}^a$, $-\text{CX}^a_2-$, $-\text{S}-(\text{CH}_2)_m-$ and $-\text{N}(\text{R}^5)(\text{CH}_2)_m-$,

$m = 1\text{-}3$, and X^a is halogen; and

Ar is phenyl, pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl, naphthyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, phthalimidinyl, furyl, thienyl, pyrrolyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, benzofuryl, benzothienyl, indolyl, benzopyrazolyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, benzothiazolyl or benzisothiazolyl, optionally substituted by halogen up to per-halo-substitution and optionally substituted by Z_{n1} , wherein $n1$ is 0 to 3 and each Z is independently selected from the group consisting of $-\text{CN}$, $=\text{O}$, $-\text{CO}_2\text{R}^5$, $-\text{C(O)NR}^5\text{R}^5'$, $-\text{C(O)}-\text{NR}^5$, $-\text{NO}_2$, $-\text{OR}^5$, $-\text{SR}^5$, $-\text{NR}^5\text{R}^5'$, $-\text{NR}^5\text{C(O)OR}^5'$, $-\text{C(O)R}^5$, $-\text{NR}^5\text{C(O)R}^5'$, $-\text{SO}_2\text{R}^5$, $\text{SO}_2\text{NR}^5\text{R}^5'$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10}$ alkyl, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10}$ alkoxy, $\text{C}_3\text{-C}_{10}$ cycloalkyl, up to per halo-substituted $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10}$ alkyl, and up to per halo-substituted $\text{C}_3\text{-C}_{10}$ cycloalkyl, and

wherein *A* is a heteroaryl selected from the group consisting of



wherein R^1 is selected from the group consisting of $\text{C}_3\text{-C}_{10}$ alkyl, $\text{C}_3\text{-C}_{10}$ cycloalkyl, up to per-halo-substituted $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10}$ alkyl and up to per-halo-substituted $\text{C}_3\text{-C}_{10}$ cycloalkyl,

wherein R^2 is $\text{C}_6\text{-C}_{14}$ aryl, $\text{C}_3\text{-C}_{14}$ heteroaryl, substituted $\text{C}_6\text{-C}_{14}$ aryl or substituted $\text{C}_3\text{-C}_{14}$ heteroaryl ,

wherein if R^2 is a substituted group, it is substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, up to per-halo substitution, and V_n ,

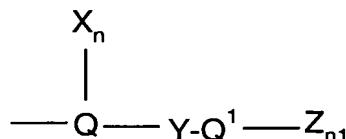
wherein $n = 0-3$ and each V is independently selected from the group consisting of -CN, $-CO_2R^5$, $-C(O)NR^5R^5'$, $-OR^5$, $-SR^5$, $-NR^5R^5'$, $-C(O)R^5$, $-OC(O)NR^5R^5'$, $-NR^5C(O)OR^5'$, $-SO_2R^5$, $-SOR^5$, $-NR^5C(O)R^5'$, $-NO_2$, C_1-C_{10} alkyl, C_3-C_{10} cycloalkyl, C_6-C_{14} aryl, C_3-C_{13} heteroaryl, C_7-C_{24} alkaryl, C_4-C_{24} alkheteroaryl, substituted C_1-C_{10} alkyl, substituted C_3-C_{10} cycloalkyl, substituted C_6-C_{14} aryl, substituted C_3-C_{13} heteroaryl, substituted C_7-C_{24} alkaryl and substituted C_4-C_{24} alkheteroaryl,

where V is a substituted group, it is substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, up to per-halo substitution, -CN, $-CO_2R^5$, $-C(O)R^5$, $-C(O)NR^5R^5'$, $-NR^5R^5'$, $-OR^5$, $-SR^5$, $-NR^5C(O)R^5'$, $-NR^5C(O)OR^5'$ and $-NO_2$,

wherein R^5 and R^6 are each independently as defined above.

18. A method as in claim 17 wherein R^2 is phenyl, substituted phenyl, pyridinyl or substituted pyridinyl.

19. A method of claim 17, wherein B is



wherein

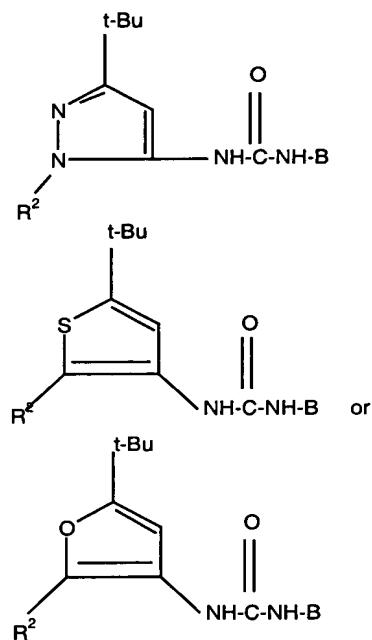
Y is as defined in claim 17,

Q and Q^1 are independently selected from the group consisting of phenyl, pyridinyl, naphthyl, pyrimidinyl, quinoline, isoquinoline, imidazole and benzothiazolyl, optionally substituted by halogen, up to per-halo substitution, and

Z and X are independently selected from the group consisting of $-R^6$, $-OR^6$ and $-NHR^7$, wherein R^6 is hydrogen, C_1-C_{10} -alkyl or C_3-C_{10} -cycloalkyl and R^7 is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_3-C_{10} -alkyl, and C_3-C_6 -cycloalkyl wherein R^6 and R^7 can be substituted by halogen or up to per-halo substitution.

20. A method as in claim 19, wherein Q is phenyl, Q¹ is phenyl or pyridinyl, Y is -O-, -S- or -CH₂, and X and Z are independently Cl, F, CF₃, NO₂ or CN.

21. A method as in claim 17, which comprises administering a compound of one of the formulae or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof:



wherein B and R² are as defined in claim 17.

22. A method as in claim 21, wherein R² is phenyl, pyridinyl, substituted phenyl or substituted pyridinyl.

23. A method as in claim 17, comprising administering an amount of compound of formula I effective to inhibit p38.

24. A method as in claim 17, wherein the compound of formula I displays p38 activity (IC₅₀) better than 10μM as determined by an in-vitro kinase assay.

25. A method according to claim 17, wherein the disease is mediated by a cytokine or protease regulated by p38.

26. A method according to claim 17, wherein R¹ is t-butyl.
27. A method according to claim 26, comprising administering an amount of a compound of formula I effective to inhibit p38.
28. A method according to claim 17, comprising administering an amount of a compound of formula I effective to inhibit production of a disease-mediating cytokine or protease.
29. A method according to claim 17, wherein the disease is an inflammatory or immunomodulatory disease.
30. A method according to claim 17, wherein the disease is rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis, osteoporosis, asthma, septic shock, inflammatory bowel disease, or the result of host-versus-graft reactions.--